

Project:	
Catalog Number:	
Notes:	

Backlit Panels

AMBIENT LIGHTING FOR INTERIOR SPACES

FEATURES

- Power adjustable between four wattages
- Color temperature tunable between four settings 3000 K to 5000 K
- Dimmable 0-10 V
- 2 kV integrated surge protection
- Glare-free and flicker-free
- Operating temperature -4° F to 122° F
- IP40 Rating
- Aluminum alloy material and powder coat finish
- Isolated driver for optimal heat dissipation and maintenance

REGULATORY QUALIFICATIONS

- All variations are DLC Premium
- UL certified for use in the United States and Canada
- UL 1598 Ed. 5-2021
- CSA C22.2 No. 250.0-2021
- Meets FCC standards







APPLICATIONS

- Commercial office spaces
- Healthcare facilities
- School buildings

Big Shine LED is an LED lighting manufacturer, a division of technology company Big Shine Worldwide, Inc. With global manufacturing centers for continuity of supply, Big Shine LED designs lighting fixtures with premium components that meet international certifications.



TECHNICAL DATA

BSL-AB[XX]-BP1-DDDZ-[XXX]K-120 (1' x 4' model)

POWER @ 120 V	сст	CRI (Ra)	LUMEN PACKAGE (LM)	EFFICACY (LM/W)	TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION (%)	POWER FACTOR
20	3000	80	2600	130	15%	0.9
25	3031	81	3239	129	10%	0.9
25	3500	80	3200	128	15%	0.9
25	4000	80	3225	129	15%	0.9
25	5040	83	3353	133	10%	0.9
30	3500	80	4375	125	15%	0.9
35	3042	81	4470	125	6%	0.9
35	3500	80	4480	128	15%	0.9
35	4000	80	4515	129	15%	0.9
35	5000	80	4550	130	15%	0.9



TECHNICAL DATA

BSL-AB[XX]-BP2-DDDZ-[XXX]K-120 (2' x 2' model)

POWER @ 120 V	сст	CRI (Ra)	LUMEN PACKAGE (LM)	EFFICACY (LM/W)	TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION (%)	POWER FACTOR
20	3000	80	2600	130	15%	0.9
25	3016	81	3316	132	10%	0.9
25	3500	80	3200	128	15%	0.9
25	4000	80	3225	129	15%	0.9
25	5000	80	3250	130	15%	0.9
30	3500	80	3900	130	15%	0.9
35	3000	80	4445	127	15%	0.9
35	3500	80	4480	128	15%	0.9
35	4000	80	4515	129	15%	0.9
35	5000	80	4550	130	15%	0.9



TECHNICAL DATA

BSL-AB[XX]-BP4-DDDZ-[XXX]K-120 (2' x 4' model)

POWER @ 120 V	сст	CRI (Ra)	LUMEN PACKAGE (LM)	EFFICACY (LM/W)	TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION (%)	POWER FACTOR
35	3000	80	6500	130	15%	0.9
40	3000	80	5080	127	15%	0.9
40	3500	80	5120	128	15%	0.9
40	4000	80	5160	129	15%	0.9
40	5000	80	5200	130	15%	0.9
45	3000	80	5850	130	15%	0.9
50	3000	80	6350	127	15%	0.9
50	3500	80	6400	128	15%	0.9
50	4000	80	6450	129	15%	0.9
50	5000	80	6500	130	15%	0.9



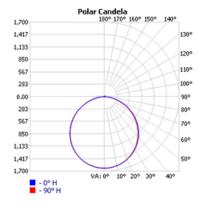
PHOTOMETRIC DATA

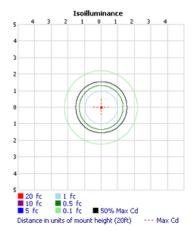
Sample: BSL-AB35-BP1-CDML-CK-120 (1' x 4' model)

Lamp output: 4745.3 lm Input wattage: 35.5 W

Max Cd: 1633.7 at Horizontal: 270°,

Vertical: 1° Efficiency: 100%



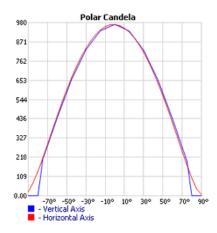


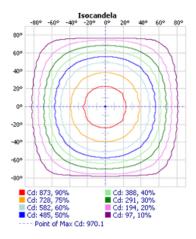
Sample: BSL-AB20-BP2-CDML-CK-120 (2' x 2' model)

Lamp output: 2758.9 lm Input wattage: 19.83 W

Max Cd: 970.1 at Horizontal: 0°,

Vertical: 0° Efficiency: 99.9%



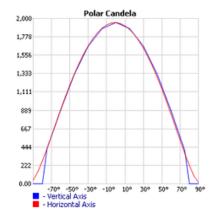


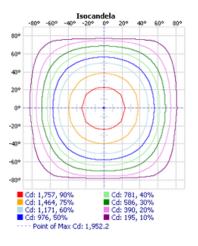
Sample: BSL-AB40-BP4-CDML-CK-120 (2' x 4' model)

Lamp output: 5570.2 lm Input wattage: 39.21 W

Max Cd: 1952.2 at Horizontal: 0°,

Vertical: 0° Efficiency: 99.9%







PHOTOMETRIC DATA

Spectrum Test Results

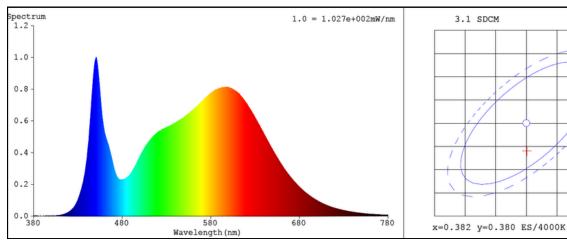
Tested Sample: 2x2 Backlit LED Panel | Specification: 35 W 4000 K*

Test Conditions

Date: 2024-03-31 Temperature: 25.4° C (77.72° F)

Wavelength Range: 380 nm - 780 nm Relative Humidity: 41%

Spectrum



Spectral Distribution

CIE1931 Chromaticity Diagram

Colorimetric Parameters

Chromaticity Coordinates:

x = 0.3819 y = 0.3737 u' = 0.2273 v' = 0.5004 DuV = -1.87e-03

Dominant Peak Wavelength (Ld) = 580.4 nm Full Width at Half Maximum (FWHM) = 19.1 nm Peak Wavelength (Lp) = 451 nm Purity = 26.7%

CCT = 3937 K CRI = 78.1 Rf Fidelity Index = 82 Rg Gamut Index = 97

R9 = 13 R10 = 77 R11 = 83 R12 = 64 R13 = 85 R14 = 98 R15 = 77

Photometric & Radiometric Parameters

Electrical Parameters

Voltage = 120.4 V Current = 0.2880 A Power = 33.76 W Power Factor = 0.9732 Frequency = 60.01 Hz

^{*}Full LM-79 test report available upon request to Big Shine LED.



PHOTOMETRIC DATA

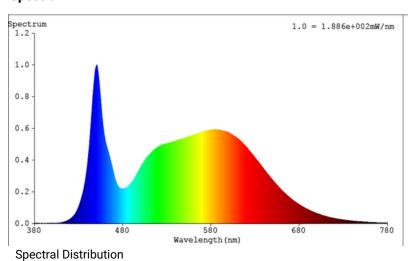
Spectrum Test Results

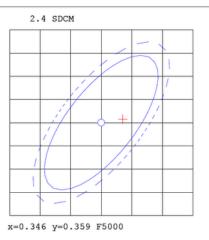
Tested Sample: 2x4 Backlit LED Panel | Specification: 50 W 5000 K*

Test Conditions

Date: 2024-03-31 Temperature: 25.4° C (77.72° F)
Wavelength Range: 380 nm - 780 nm Relative Humidity: 41%

Spectrum





CIE1931 Chromaticity Diagram

Colorimetric Parameters

Chromaticity Coordinates:

x = 0.3495 y = 0.3597 u' = 0.2112 v' = 0.4892 DuV = 2.31e-03

Dominant Peak Wavelength (Ld) = 572.2 nm Full Width at Half Maximum (FWHM) = 19.2 nm Peak Wavelength (Lp) = 451 nm Purity = 12.8%

CCT = 4867 K CRI = 75.9 Rf Fidelity Index = 82 Rg Gamut Index = 95

R1 = 81 R2 = 88 R3 = 93 R4 = 82 R5 = 81 R6 = 83 R7 = 88 R8 = 67

R9 = 8 R10 = 72 R11 = 81 R12 = 57 R13 = 83 R14 = 97 R15 = 75

Photometric & Radiometric Parameters

Luminous Flux = 7010 lm Efficacy = 141.52 lm/W Fe = 21.547 W

Electrical Parameters

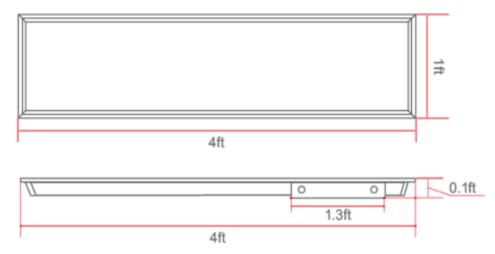
Voltage = 120.5 V Current = 0.4147 A Power = 49.53 W Power Factor = 0.9913 Frequency = 60.01 Hz

^{*}Full LM-79 test report available upon request to Big Shine LED.



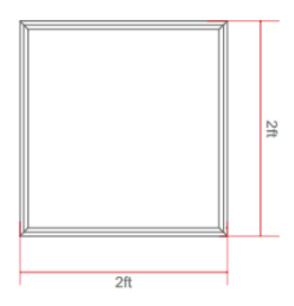
DIMENSIONAL DATA

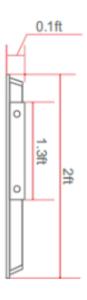
BSL-AB[XX]-BP1-DDDZ-[XXX]K-120*



Luminaire weight: 5.51 lbs.

BSL-AB[XX]-BP2-DDDZ-[XXX]K-120*





Luminaire weight: 5.07 lbs.

^{*}Images not to scale.



DIMENSIONAL DATA

BSL-AB[XX]-BP4-DDDZ-[XXX]K-120*



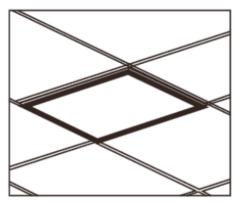


Luminaire weight: 5.51 lbs

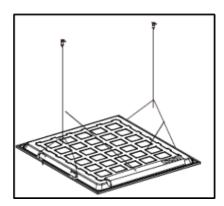
^{*}Images not to scale.



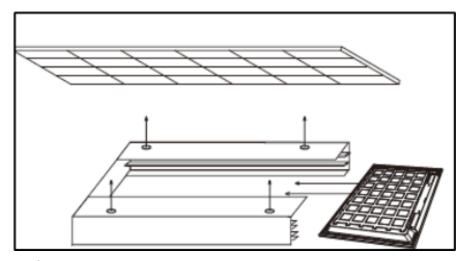
MOUNTING OPTIONS



Recessed Mount



Suspension Mount



Surface Mount

^{*}Images not to scale.



FIXTURE SPECIFICATIONS

ORDERING EXAMPLE: BSL-AB25-BP1-DDDZ-3000K-120

FIXTURE TYPE	SIZE	STANDARD MODEL	CCT SELECTABLE	STANDARD BEAM ANGLE
BSL-AB[XX]	BP1 (1' X 4') BP2 (2' X 2') BP4 (2' X 4')	DDDZ	3000 K 3500 K 4000 K 5000 K	120

SIZE	STANDARD POWER SELECTABLE OPTIONS
BP1 (1' X 4')	20 W 25 W 30 W 35 W
BP2 (2' X 2')	20 W 25 W 30 W 35 W
BP4 (2' X 4')	35 W 40 W 45 W 50 W

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UPTIONAL	ACCESSORIES	AVAILABLE^

- Recessed mounting kit
- Surface mounting kit
- Emergency battery backup, external driver available for field installation
- Occupancy sensor and dimming controls

OTHER FIXTURE INFORMATION

- Input voltage range: 120-347 Vac 50/60 Hz
- LED type: SMD (surface mount device)

^{*}Accessories sold separately.



WARRANTY



Big Shine LED products are covered by a five-year limited warranty against defects in materials. A fixture is considered defective if 10% or more of the LED fixture's components have failed. Visit our website to learn more about our product warranty: bigshineled.com/resources.

Covered Under Warranty:

Warranty Length: 5 years from purchase date (or installed date in some cases)

Coverage: Manufacturer defects in materials

Repair or Replacement: Big Shine LED may determine to repair or replace the product.

Not Covered Under Warranty:

- · Damage caused by misuse, accidents, weather, improper installation, or unauthorized repairs.
- Using the product for something other than its intended purpose.

Visit our website to read the terms and conditions of our product warranty at bigshineled.com/resources.

How to Submit a Warranty Claim:

To submit a warranty claim, visit our website at bigshineled.com or contact us at (845) 444-5255.

LED PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

Implementing a preventative maintenance plan helps ensure optimal performance and longevity of LED lighting systems through regular inspections and upkeep. Here are some steps to take to keep LED lighting systems in good working condition, prevent malfunction, and extend their lifespan.

- I. Maintenance schedule: The frequency of maintenance tasks will depend on the specific lighting system, its environment, and usage. As a general rule, LED fixtures should be inspected and cleaned at least once every six months. Tasks should be performed more frequently in high-traffic areas or in environments with excessive dust and debris.
- II. Record keeping: It is also important to keep accurate records of all maintenance tasks performed on the lighting system. This information can be used to track the performance of the system, identify any trends or patterns, and schedule future maintenance tasks.

For a more detailed preventative maintenance plan, visit the Resource Center in our website at bigshineled.com/resources.



DEFINITIONS

LM-80 Testing

The LM-80 test method that measures the lumen maintenance, or long-term light output, of an LED light source over a period of time. Big Shine LED fixtures are tested at three different temperatures for at least 6,000 hours and up to 10,000 hours. By measuring the LED's light output at regular intervals during this extended period, the LM-80 test can determine how the performance of the LED degrades over its lifespan. To obtain test results for individual Big Shine LED fixtures, visit our website or contact us at info@bigshineled.com.

TM-21 Method

TM-21 is a method for projecting the lumen maintenance and lifespan of an LED light source based on data collected from LM-80 testing. The data collected during the LM-80 testing must show a stable trend in lumen maintenance. The TM-21 calculates a decay rate based on the data, which shows how quickly the LED's brightness is diminishing over time. The TM-21 sets a limit on how far the projected lifespan can be estimated base on the LM-80 data. The lifespan cannot exceed six times the duration of the LM-80 testing. The extrapolation limit ensures that predictions made by the TM-21 are based on solid data and do not exceed too far beyond the actual testing period.

L70 Rating

The L70 is a measure of an LED's longevity. It represents the time it takes for the LED's brightness or lumen output to drop to 70% of its original level. In other words, it estimates how long the LED will last before it dims significantly.

L90 Rating

The L90 rating is similar to the L70 rating, but it measures a different level of light output maintenance in LEDs. This measures the time it takes for an LED light source to decrease to 90% of its original brightness or lumen output. It's a stricter standard compared to the L70 because it represents a higher level of light output maintenance. This rating is important for applications where higher light levels must be maintained for a longer period of time.

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

The Total Harmonic Distortion is a measure of the distortion in the electrical current caused by non-linear loads. THD is expressed as a percentage and represents the deviation of the current waveform from a perfect sinusoidal wave. Lower THD percentages in LED improve energy efficiency as the fixture has less wasted energy. It also extends the life of the LED fixture and other connected devices in a building's electrical system as less heat is generated in the electrical wiring and components, reducing the risk of overheating. Lower THD also improves power quality, causes less interference and enhances the reliability of the entire electrical system. To better understand the benefits of lower THD in LED fixtures, visit our website at bigshineled.com.

Power Factor

A higher power factor in LED fixtures means the fixture uses electrical power more efficiently. Less power is wasted in the form of reactive power, so the lighting system consumes less electricity overall. A higher power factor also improves the overall power quality of the electrical system, resulting in a more stable and consistent power supply, which benefits other devices connected to the same electrical network. Other benefits include reducing the load on the electrical grid, reducing heat generation, and enhancing the lifespan of all equipment on the system. For more details on power factor, visit our website at bigshineled.com.

Efficacy

The efficacy in an LED fixture refers to how efficiently the light converts electrical power into visible light. It's typically measured in lumens per watt, indicating how much light is produced for each watt of electricity used.

Luminous Flux

Luminous flux is the total amount of visible light emitted by a light source, measured in lumens. It represents the overall brightness of the light produced.

Dominant Peak Wavelength

It represents the wavelength that contributes most to the perceived color of the light source.

Full Width at Half Maximum (FWHM)

It is a measure of the spectral bandwidth of a light source. Specifically, it is the width of the spectral curve at half of its maximum intensity. A narrower FWHM indicates a more focused spectral distribution, while a wider FWHM suggests a broader spectral distribution.